

St. Thomas Church: established July 1, 1285 by King Vaclav II

Luke's gospel is replete with many beautiful parables or

short morality stories. Today's reading about the Prodigal



September 10th and 11th 2016

24.ordinary Sunday -Year C

# St. Thomas Church

Josefská 8, Malá Strana, Prague 1, 118 01 Tel: 257 530 556, 602 643 365

## St. Ludmilla

September 16<sup>th</sup>

Son fits squarely within that genre as one of the most poignant in the New or first Testament. The pericope or selection opens with a "double audience" of the Wife of Boriwoi, the first Christian Duke of Bohemia, b. sympathetic but religiously suspect " tax collectors and at Mielnik, c. 860; d. at Tetin, near Beraun, 15 sinners" and Jesus' ever present critics the "Pharisees and September, 921. She and her husband were baptized, those skilled in religious law." For the Pharisees, Jesus probably by St. Methodius, in 871. Pagan fanatics drove was too cavalier in his approach to religious tradition and them from their country, but they were soon recalled, practice. After all, they (the orthodox) would argue that and after reigning seven more years they resigned the those tax collectors or those who collaborated with the pagan Romans and the sinners who did not observe all throne in favour of their son Spitignev and retired to the requirements of the Law were by their "irreligious" Tetin. Spitignev died two years later and was succeeded attitudes already condemned. Life in the world to come by Wratislaw, another son of Boriwoi and Ludmilla. was for these religious folk a reward for specific Wratislaw was married to Drahomira, a pretended obedience to the Law. Now Jesus' short moral story of Christian, but a secret favourer of paganism. They had the "wayward son, the forgiving father and the merciless twin sons, St. Wenceslaus and Boleslaus the Cruel. the brother" itself an illustrated response to such judgmental former of whom lived with Ludmilla at Tetin. Wratislaw attitudes brought home a clear lesson. The merciful father died in 916, leaving the eight-year-old Wenceslaus as certainly is a loving image of God Himself who gives, yearns for his younger son and forgives. The younger son his successor. Jealous of the great influence which could certainly stand as a symbol of those who have Ludmilla wielded over Wenceslaus, Drahomira strayed: unmindful of the hurt they carelessly caused, instigated two noblemen to murder her. She is said to they come back to themselves, seek forgiveness through have been strangled by them with her veil. She was at repentance in the open arms of their father. The figure of first buried in the church of St. Michael at Tetin, but her the merciless brother, conversely, was a direct indictment remains were removed to the church of St. George at of the Pharisees and scribes glorying in their unforgiving attitudes and peevish behavior which effectively annulled Prague before the year 1100, probably by St. the record of religious fidelity and constancy. The lesson Wenceslaus, her grandson. She is venerated as one of is clear. As important and necessary as religious the patrons of Bohemia, and her feast is celebrated on 16 observance is, we can all fall into the trap of self-September. satisfaction paradoxically through religious practice. Self-congratulation with one's record of practice and ethical behavior is a form of hypocrisy if we cannot open

Please contact, Fr. William Faix if you want to add announcements to the bulletin at "wfaix@yahoo.com" or contact Fr. Juan at "juan@augustiniani.cz" Please send at latest by the Friday of the week as it has to be added to the bulletin

our hearts in forgiveness. Today's gospel is beautifully

relates how the merciful father went out to both the

repentant son and his unforgiving brother; in other words,

God even meets us in our very painful sinful moments.

Do we recognize Him?

## ST. NICHOLAS OF TOLENTINE, OSA September 10

Nicholas of Tolentine (1245-1305) was a simple priest and Augustinian friar who touched the lives of many.

His sprit of prayer, penance, austerity of life and devotion to the Holy Souls were notable. His preaching brought many to Christ.

Nicholas Gurutti was born in 1245 in Sant'Angelo, Pontano, Macerata, Italy. His family was rather poor.

He joined the Augustinian Order while a young man, after hearing the inspired preaching of Reginaldo da Monterubbiano, Prior (local superior) of the Augustinian monastery in Sant'Angelo.

As a priest and religious, he was full of charity towards his brother Augustinians as well as towards the people to whom he ministered. He visited the sick and cared for the needy. He was a noted preacher of the Gospel. He gave special attention to those who had fallen away from the Church. People considered him a miracle worker.

He often fasted and performed other works of penance. He spent long hours in prayer.

The story is told that, one day, having fasted for a long time, Nicholas was physically weak. While at prayer, Jesus told him to eat some bread marked with a cross and soaked in water in order to regain his strength. Thus arose the Augustinian custom of blessing and distributing Saint Nicholas Bread in his memory.

Another story relates that Nicholas, while asleep in bed, heard the voice of a deceased friar he had known. This friar told Nicholas that he was in Purgatory, and urged him to celebrate the Eucharist for him and other souls there, so that they would be set free by the power of Christ. Nicholas did so for seven days. The friar again spoke to Nicholas, thanking him and assuring him that a large number of souls were now with God. Because of this Nicholas was proclaimed patron of the souls in Purgatory.

He is also considered the patron saint against epidemic disease and against fires.

During most of his adult life, Nicholas lived in Tolentine, Italy. There he died September 10, 1305. Canonized in 1446 by Pope Eugene IV, Nicholas is the first Augustinian friar to be canonized after the Grand Union of the Order of St. Augustine in 1256. The remains of St. Nicholas are preserved at the Shrine of Saint Nicholas in the city of Tolentine.

#### **Ongoing Activities**

- ❖ We welcome all our new parishioners to St. Thomas Church. Please introduce yourselves, if you wish, at refreshments after the 11:00 am Mass on Sundays or just call us or visit at your convenience.
- ❖ If you would like to receive a copy of the bulletin by email, please contact osaprag@augustiniani.cz.
- ❖ Lectors and Eucharistic ministers: If you would like to be a lector or Eucharistic minister at mass on Sundays please contact Ann at dalyaann@hotmail.com

  A new schedule will be prepared soon.
- ❖ It's time to register your kids (4 years and up) for Religious Education classes! Please see Mary Beth after Mass or contact her at redirector@augustiniani.cz for details! Classes start Sept 11th at 9:45.
- ❖ Today Sunday begin the **Religious education Program.** Thanks to all the teachers and voluntaries that are going to help during this school year. God bless!

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\*WONDERING HOW YOU CAN GIVE BACK TO THE COMMUNITY? St. Thomas provides free English classes as part of their community outreach activities. Classes will be beginning 19 of September. And we are in need of native English speakers who can give of their time to teach classes. If you are interested or want more information, please contact Fr. Juan at juan@augustiniani.cz

## Year of Mercy: "Merciful like the Father"

## Let us rediscover these corporal works of mercy:

1.to feed the hungry,

- 2. give drink to the thirsty,
- 3. clothe the naked,
- 4. welcome the stranger,
- 5. heal the sick,
- 6.visit the imprisoned,
- 7. bury the dead.

#### And let us not forget the spiritual works of mercy:

- 1. to counsel the doubtful,
- 2. instruct the ignorant,
- 3.admonish sinners.
- 4.comfort the afflicted.
- 5. forgive offences,
- 6.bear patiently those who do us ill
- 7. pray for the living and the dead."